

## ASSESSMENT AREAS FOR ELECTRICAL WORKER WRITTEN & ORAL INTERVIEWS

Licence Class	Areas of Competency
C2	Knowledge of national regulations, codes and standards governing electrical
	installation work.
	• Installation of <b>low voltage</b> , <b>single-phase</b> electrical systems in buildings up to <b>two</b>
	storeys in height, excluding factories and places designated for public
	entertainment.
	Basic principles of electrical circuits (AC, DC, voltage, current, resistance, power,
	energy, power triangle and basic circuits).
	Knowledge of electrical terms such as diversity factor, utilization factor, power
	factor and protection discrimination/selectivity.
	Calculation of power, current and voltage at low voltage, single phase.
	Lighting switches (one-way, two-way and intermediate)
	Power/socket circuits (radial and ring main)
	Sizing and installation of protective devices.
	Identification and use of special protective devices.
	Instrumentation and types of electrical measuring instruments
	Selection of cables (current-carrying capacity) and colour coding.
	Rating and selection of protective devices (fuses, MCB, MCCBs, RCD, etc)
	Selection of luminaires
	Testing and commissioning of domestic electrical installation.
	Earthing in domestic installations.
	Electrical safety requirements, including how to perform first aid.
C1	Areas of competency covered under <u>Class C2.</u>
	• Installation of <b>Low Voltage</b> , <b>three-phase</b> electrical systems in buildings up to four
	storeys in height, excluding factories and places designated for public
	entertainment.
	Calculation of power, current and voltage at low voltage, three phase installations.
	Cable sizing and sizing of protective devices.
	Identification and use of special protective devices.
	Earthing in domestic and small commercial installations.
	Power factor: causes, demerits, correction and sizing of PFC devices.
	• Three phase electrical machines: Motors, starting methods, speed control and
	protection.
	Initial and periodic inspection and testing of electrical installations.



Licence Class	Areas of Competency
В	Areas of competency covered under <u>Class C1.</u>
	Electrical installation for <b>multi-storey buildings</b> including lightning protection
	and earthing.
	Electrical installation, control and protection in industrial premises (factories)
	Calculation of power, current and voltage at <b>medium voltage</b> installations.
	Cable sizing and sizing of protective devices.
	• Electrical installation in <b>specialized installations</b> such as petrol stations, cold
	rooms, swimming pools etc
	Electrical installation in <b>public facilities</b> such as schools, hospitals etc.
	Installation of hybrid and backup systems (changeover mechanisms).
	Earthing in the above installations.
	Power factor: causes, demerits, correction and sizing of PFC devices.
	• Installation at <b>medium voltage</b> : control, protection, earthing, installation of
	ground mounted and pole transformers.
	Initial and periodic inspection and testing of electrical installations.
A1	Areas of competency covered under <u>Class B</u> .
	Calculation of power, current and voltage at medium and high voltage
	installations.
	• Installation at high voltage: control, protection and metering systems, high
	voltage substation earthing, installation of power transformers.
	Initial and periodic inspection and testing of electrical installations.
A2	Knowledge of national regulations, codes and standards governing electrical
(Generators)	installation work.
	Basic principles of electrical circuits (AC, DC, voltage, current, resistance, power,
	energy, power triangle and basic circuits).
	Knowledge of electrical terms such as diversity factor, utilization factor, power
	factor and protection discrimination/selectivity.
	Calculation of power, current and voltage at low voltage, single phase.
	Sizing and installation of protective devices.
	Instrumentation and types of electrical measuring instruments
	Electrical installation for standby generators.  Sining of standby and prime consumators.
	Sizing of standby and prime generators.  Control protection and maintenance of generators.
	Control, protection and maintenance of generators.      Regis knowledge of electrical motors, control and protection.
	<ul><li>Basic knowledge of electrical motors, control and protection.</li><li>Earthing for generators.</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Initial and periodic inspection and testing of electrical installations.</li> </ul>
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Licence Class	Areas of Competency
A2	• Knowledge of national regulations, codes and standards governing electrical
(Lifts and	installation work.
Escalators)	Basic principles of electrical circuits (AC, DC, voltage, current, resistance, power,
	energy, power triangle and basic circuits).
	• Knowledge of electrical terms such as diversity factor, utilization factor, power
	factor and protection discrimination/selectivity.
	Calculation of power, current and voltage at low voltage, single phase.
	Sizing and installation of protective devices.
	Instrumentation and types of electrical measuring instruments.
	Electrical installation for lifts, escalators, moving walkways.
	Control and protection of lifts and escalators.
	Maintenance for lifts, escalators, moving walkways.
	Initial and periodic inspection and testing of electrical installations.

## **Definitions**

*Voltage Levels* (as defined in the Energy Act, 2019):

- Low Voltage: Not exceeding 1,000V under normal conditions.
- Medium Voltage: Exceeds 1,000V but does not exceed 33,000V under normal conditions.
- High Voltage: Exceeds 33,000V under normal conditions.

**Places of Public Entertainment -** Means a buildings or places used or intended to be used for conducting public entertainment or public meetings such as educational institutions, airports, hospitals/clinics, transport terminus, conference halls, cinema halls, theatres, clubs and bars.

Storey - Means a level or floor of a building, and this includes floors located below the ground floor in the total count of storeys. For example —

- A building with one level or floor is considered a single storey building.
- A building with a basement, a ground floor, and one upper floor is considered a three-storey building.